# **UNITED STATES**

# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

# Washington, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)  ⊠ Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securi	ties Exchange Act of 1934
For the qu	arterly period ended October 2, 2010
☐ Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securi	or ities Exchange Act of 1934
	Commission File No. 1-9973
	MIDDLEBY CORPORATION of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)
<u>Delaware</u> (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)	36-3352497 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
1400 Toastmaster Drive, Elgin, Illinois (Address of Principal Executive Offices)	<u>60120</u> (Zip Code)
Registrant's Telephone No., including Area Code	(847) 741-330 <u>0</u>
	orts required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 e registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing
Yes ⊠	No □
	tronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to luring the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to
Yes ⊠	No □
definitions of "accelerated filer, large accelerated filer and smaller	d filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. elerated filer □ Smaller reporting company □
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company	(as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes □ No ⊠
As of November 5, 2010, there were 18,454,934 shares of the reg	gistrant's common stock outstanding.

# THE MIDDLEBY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

# **QUARTER ENDED OCTOBER 2, 2010**

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## **PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

## Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

# THE MIDDLEBY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In Thousands, Except Share Data) (Unaudited)

	Octo	ber 2, 2010	Janu	ary 2, 2010
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,986	\$	8,363
Accounts receivable, net of reserve for doubtful accounts of \$7,195 and \$6,596		102,710		78,897
Inventories, net		106,053		90,640
Prepaid expenses and other		9,139		9,914
Prepaid taxes		4,176		5,873
Current deferred taxes		25,229		23,339
Total current assets		253,293		217,026
Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$48,750 and \$44,988		44,791		47,340
Goodwill		372,049		358,506
Other intangibles		191,000		189,572
Other assets		5,505		3,902
Total assets	\$	866,638	\$	816,346
<u>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</u>				
Current liabilities:				
Current maturities of long-term debt		5,349	\$	7,517
Accounts payable		51,650		38,580
Accrued expenses		113,185		100,259
Total current liabilities		170,184		146,356
Long-term debt		238,259		268,124
Long-term deferred tax liability		14,379		14,187
Other non-current liabilities		44,116		45,024
Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; nonvoting; 2,000,000 shares authorized; none issued		_		_
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 47,500,000 shares authorized; 22,685,913 and 22,622,650 shares issued in				
2010 and 2009, respectively		137		136
Paid-in capital		175,712		162,001
Treasury stock at cost; 4,230,979 and 4,069,913 shares in 2010 and 2009, respectively		(110,780)		(102,000)
Retained earnings		339,260		287,387
Accumulated other comprehensive income		(4,629)		(4,869)
Total stockholders' equity		399,700		342,655
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	866,638	\$	816,346

See accompanying notes

# THE MIDDLEBY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS

# (In Thousands, Except Per Share Data) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended				
	Oc	Oct 2, 2010 Oct 3,		t 3, 2009	009 Oct 2, 2010		_(	Oct 3, 2009
	_		_		_		_	
Net sales	\$	177,793	\$	153,989	\$	511,888	\$	494,136
Cost of sales		107,106		91,952		308,304		301,989
Gross profit		70,687		62,037		203,584		192,147
Selling expenses		17,776		16,361		54,437		49,335
General and administrative expenses		20,900		17,602		60,972		59,702
Income from operations		32,011		28,074		88,175		83,110
Net interest expense and deferred financing amortization		2,177		2,797		6,898		8,800
Other expense, net		(121)		(137)		443		607
Earnings before income taxes		29,955		25,414		80,834		73,703
Provision for income taxes		9,353		9,913		28,961		30,421
Net earnings	\$	20,602	\$	15,501	\$	51,873	\$	43,282
Net earnings per share:								
Basic	S	1.16	\$	0.88	\$	2.01	\$	2.46
Dasic	<u>s</u>	1.10	<u>ə</u>	0.88	<u>ə</u>	2.91	<u> </u>	2.40
Diluted	\$	1.13	\$	0.83	\$	2.84	\$	2.34
Weighted average number of shares								
Basic		17,815		17,600		17,811		17,589
Dilutive stock options <sup>1</sup>		459		1,154		460		931
Diluted		18,274		18,754		18,271		18,520

There were no anti-dilutive stock options excluded from common stock equivalents for any period presented.

See accompanying notes

# THE MIDDLEBY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

# (In Thousands) (Unaudited)

Cash flows from investing activities- Net additions to property and equipment		Nine Mor	nths Ended
Net earnings S 5, 1873 \$ 43,282  Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Deferred laxes (1,698   2,836   13,873   2,836   13,873   2,836   13,873   2,836   13,873   13		Oct 2, 2010	Oct 3, 2009
Net candings   \$ 5,1873   \$ 43,282			
Adjustments to reconcile net carnings to eash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization 11,658 (2,856) Non-eash share-based compensation 11,058 (8,184) Unreciated compensation 11,058 (8,184) Unreciated compensation 11,058 (1,1958) Accounts receivable, net 11,058 (1,1958) Accounts payable 2,270 (2,056) Accounts payable 2,270 (2,056) Accounts payable 3,058 (1,1958) Not cash provided by operating activities (6,158 (1,1958) Not cash provided by operating activities (1,1958) Not cash provided by operating activities (1,1958) Accounts from investing activities (1,1958) Not cash flows from investing activities (1,1958) Acquisition of CoOkTek (1,100) (8,000) Acquisition of CookTek (1,100)			
Depreciation and amonization   11,656   11,875   12,875   10,680   (2,875   10,080   (2,875   10,080   (2,875   10,080   (2,875   10,080   (2,875   10,080   (2,875   10,080   (2,875   10,080   (2,875   (2,875   10,080   (2,875	Net earnings	\$ 51,873	\$ 43,282
Depending and amorization   11,656   11,873   12,875   11,680   12,875   12,875   13,875	Adjustments to reconcile not comings to each provided by energing estimities		
Deferred taxes	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11 656	11 873
Non-cash slane-based compensation   11,058   8,184   14   14   14   14   14   14   14			
Utraelized loss on derivative financial instruments         4         14           Changes in assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions         (9,344)         22,065           Inventories, net         (5,503)         (19,344)           Perpaid expenses and other assets         2,003         (859)           Accounts payable         9,279         (2,636           Accounts payable         6,888         (13,638)           Net cash provided by operating activities         66,156         77,162           Cash flows from investing activities-         8         (4,941)           Net cash provided by operating activities-         10,008         (4,941)           Acquisition of Ciga         (1,621)         —           Acquisition of Ciga         (1,621)         —           Acquisition of Ciga         (1,000)         (8,000)           Acquisition of TurboChef, net of cash acquired         (1,000)         (3,008)           Acquisition of Doyon         (577)         —           Acquisition of Doyon         (577)         —           Acquisition of Coozini, acquired         (1,000)         (3,008)           Net cash (used in) investing activities         (2,8756)         (32,229)           Cash flows from financing activities         (3,000) <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>			
Clanges in assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions   (19,344)   (2,055)   1			·
Accounts receivable, net         (1934)         22,065           Inventories, net         (5,503)         (17,18)           Perpaid expenses and other assets         2,003         (8,503)           Accounts payables         6,888         (13,638)           Accounts payables         6,888         (13,638)           Net cash provided by operating activities         66,156         77,162           Cash flows from investing activities         (1,021)         —           Net additions to property and equipment         (3,008)         (4,941)           Acquisition of Giga         (1,021)         —           Acquisition of Giga         (1,021)         —           Acquisition of CockTek         (1,000)         (8,000)           Acquisition of Dayon         (577)         —           Acquisition of PerfectFry, net of cash acquired         (4,607)         —           Acquisition of PerfectFry, net of cash acquired         (30,000)         (3,242)           Net cash (used in) investing activities         (28,756)         (132,422)           Net cash (used in) investing activities         (30,000)         59,650           Net (repayments) proceeds under revolving credit facilities         (30,000)         59,650           Net (repayments) proceeds under revolving cred		7	
Inventories, net	·	(19 344)	22 065
Prepaid expenses and other assets         2,003         (850           Accounts payable         9,279         (2,636)           Active despenses and other liabilities         6,888         (13,638)           Net eash provided by operating activities         6,815         77,162           Cash flows from investing activities         8         (4,941)           Net additions to property and equipment         (3,008)         (4,941)           Acquisition of Giga         (10,001)         (8,000)           Acquisition of Turbochef, net of eash acquired         (10,001)         (8,000)           Acquisition of Doyon         (577)         (577)           Acquisition of Doyon         (577)         (577)           Acquisition of Doyon         (577)         (577)           Acquisition of PerfectFry, net of eash acquired         (4,607)         —           Net cash (used in) investing activities         (28,756)         (132,429)           Net cash (used in) investing activities         (30,059)         59,650           Net repayments) proceeds incord revolving credit facilities         (30,059)         59,650           Net repayments under foreign bank loan         (30,073)         60,255           Effect of exchange rates on eash and cash equivalents         (4         (141)			
Accounts payable         9,279 (2,536 Accounts payable)         6,888 (13,638			
Accrued expenses and other liabilities         6,888         (13,638)           Net cash provided by operating activities         66,156         77,162           Cash flows from investing activities         3,008         (4,941)           Net additions to property and equipment         3,008         (4,941)           Acquisition of Gigs         (1,621)         —           Acquisition of Turbe Chef, net of cash acquired         —         (116,129)           Acquisition of Anets         (500)         (3,338)           Acquisition of Poyen         (577)         —           Acquisition of Preferethy, net of cash acquired         (4,007)         —           Acquisition of Perfecthy, net of cash acquired         (17,443)         —           Net cash (used in) investing activities         (28,756)         (132,429)           Cash flows from financing activities         (30,059)         59,650           Net repayments) proceeds under revolving credit facilities         (30,059)         59,650           Net repayments under foreign bank loan         (1,108)         221           Reprehase of treasury stock         (8,780)         —           Net proceeds from stock issuances         565         384           Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities         (4) (141 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr<>			
Net eash provided by operating activities         66,156         77,162           Cash flows from investing activities         (3,008)         (4,941)           Net additions to property and equipment         (3,008)         (4,941)           Acquisition of TiarboChef, net of cash acquired         (1,000)         (8,000)           Acquisition of TurboChef, net of cash acquired         (10,000)         (8,000)           Acquisition of Doyon         (577)         (677)           Acquisition of Doyon         (577)         (677)           Acquisition of PorfectPr, net of cash acquired         (4,607)         —           Acquisition of Cozzini, net of cash acquired         (17,443)         —           Net cash (used in) investing activities         (30,005)         59,650           Net (repayments) proceeds under revolving credit facilities         (30,005)         59,650           Net (repayments) proceeds under revolving credit facilities         (30,005)         59,650           Net (repayments) proceeds under revolving credit facilities         (30,005)         59,650           Net (repayments under foreign bank loan         (1,308)         221           Net (repayments) proceeds from stock issuances         (39,773)         60,255           Effect of recash quivalents         (4)         (141			
Cash flows from investing activities-         (3,008)         (4,941)           Acquisition of Giga         (1,621)         —         (116,129)           Acquisition of TurboChef, net of cash acquired         (1,000)         (8,000)         (3,500)<	. Too too only the only the only		(15,650)
Net additions to property and equipment         (3,008)         (4,941)           Acquisition of Giga         (1,621)         —           Acquisition of TurboChef, net of eash acquired         —         (116,129)           Acquisition of Cook Tek         (500)         (3,359)           Acquisition of Doyon         (577)         —           Acquisition of Doyon         (577)         —           Acquisition of PerfectPry, net of eash acquired         (17,443)         —           Acquisition of Cozzini, net of eash acquired         (17,443)         —           Net eash (used in) investing activities         (28,756)         (132,429)           Cash flows from financing activities         (30,050)         59,650           Net (repayments) proceeds under revolving credit facilities         (30,050)         59,650           Net repayments under foreign bank loan         (1,508)         221           Net proceeds from stock issuances         5.65         384           Net proceeds from stock issuances         (8,780)         —           Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities         (39,773)         60,255           Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847           Cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847 </td <td>Net cash provided by operating activities</td> <td>66,156</td> <td>77,162</td>	Net cash provided by operating activities	66,156	77,162
Net additions to property and equipment         (3,008)         (4,941)           Acquisition of Giga         (1,621)         —           Acquisition of TurboChef, net of eash acquired         —         (116,129)           Acquisition of Cook Tek         (500)         (3,359)           Acquisition of Doyon         (577)         —           Acquisition of Doyon         (577)         —           Acquisition of PerfectPry, net of eash acquired         (17,443)         —           Acquisition of Cozzini, net of eash acquired         (17,443)         —           Net eash (used in) investing activities         (28,756)         (132,429)           Cash flows from financing activities         (30,050)         59,650           Net (repayments) proceeds under revolving credit facilities         (30,050)         59,650           Net repayments under foreign bank loan         (1,508)         221           Net proceeds from stock issuances         5.65         384           Net proceeds from stock issuances         (8,780)         —           Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities         (39,773)         60,255           Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847           Cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Acquisition of TürboChef, net of cash acquired         (1,621)         — (116,129         Acquisition of TurboChef, net of cash acquired         (1,000)         (8,000)         Acquisition of CookTek         (500)         (3,359)         Acquisition of Doyon         (577)         — Acquisition of Doyon         (577)         — Acquisition of Doyon of Doyon         (4,607)         — Acquisition of Cozzini, net of cash acquired         (1,7,443)         — Acquisition of Cozzini, net of cash acquired         (17,443)         — On the Cash (used in) investing activities         (28,756)         (132,429)           Cash flows from financing activities         (30,050)         59,650         S9,650         Net creaments proceeds under revolving credit facilities         (30,050)         59,650         Net creaments under foreign bank loan         (1,508)         221         Repurchase of treasury stock         (8,780)         — Net creaments under foreign bank loan         (1,508)         221         Repurchase of treasury stock issuances         5.65         384           Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities         (30,773)         60,255         384           Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities         (4)         (141           Changes in cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         8,363         6,144           Cash a			
Acquisition of TurboChef, net of cash acquired         (116,129           Acquisition of CookTek         (1,000)         (8,000)           Acquisition of Anets         (500)         (3,359)           Acquisition of Doyon         (577)         —           Acquisition of PerfectFry, net of cash acquired         (17,443)         —           Acquisition of Cozzini, net of cash acquired         (17,443)         —           Net cash (used in) investing activities         (28,756)         (132,429           Cash flows from financing activities         (30,050)         59,650           Net repayments) proceeds under revolving credit facilities         (30,050)         59,650           Net repayments under foreign bank loan         (1,508)         221           Repurchase of treasury stock         (8,780)         —           Net proceeds from stock issuances         565         384           Net proceeds from stock issuances         (39,773)         60,255           Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847           Changes in cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         8,363         6,144           Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period         \$ 5,986			
Acquisition of CookTek         (1,000)         (8,000)           Acquisition of Anets         (500)         (3,359)           Acquisition of Doyon         (577)         —           Acquisition of PerfectFry, net of cash acquired         (17,443)         —           Acquisition of Cozzini, net of cash acquired         (17,443)         —           Net cash (used in) investing activities         (28,756)         (132,429)           Cash flows from financing activities         (30,050)         59,650           Net (repayments) proceeds under revolving credit facilities         (30,050)         59,650           Net (repayments) proceeds under revolving credit facilities         (8,780)         —           Net repayments under foreign bank loan         (1,508)         221           Repurchase of treasury stock         (8,780)         —           Net cresh (used in) provided by financing activities         (39,773)         60,255           Effect of exchange rates on cash         (4)         (141           Changes in cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847           Changes in cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847           Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period         \$ 5,986         \$ 10,991           Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		(1,621)	
Acquisition of Anets         (500)         (3,359)           Acquisition of Doyon         (577)         —           Acquisition of PerfectFry, net of cash acquired         (4,607)         —           Acquisition of Cozzini, net of cash acquired         (17,443)         —           Net cash (used in) investing activities         (28,756)         (132,429)           Cash flows from financing activities         (30,059)         59,650           Net repayments under foreign bank loan         (1,508)         221           Repurchase of treasury stock         (8,780)         —           Net proceeds from stock issuances         565         384           Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities         (39,773)         60,255           Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents         (4)         (141           Changes in cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         8,363         6,144           Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period         \$ 5,986         \$ 10,991           Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:         1         5         8,170           Income tax payments         \$ 6,352         \$ 8,170           Non-cash financing and investing activities:			
Acquisition of Doyon         (577)         — Acquisition of PerfectFry, net of cash acquired         (4,607)         — Acquisition of Cozzini, net of cash acquired         (17,443)         — Acquisition of Cozzini, net of cash acquired         (17,443)         — Acquisition of Cozzini, net of cash acquired         (17,443)         — Acquisition of Cozzini, net of cash acquired         (17,443)         — Acquisition of Cozzini, net of cash acquired         (17,443)         — Acquisition of Cozzini, net of cash acquired         (17,443)         — Acquisition of Cozzini, net of cash acquired         (28,756)         (132,429)           Net cash (used in) investing activities         (30,050)         59,650<			
Acquisition of PerfectFry, net of cash acquired         (4,607)         —           Acquisition of Cozzini, net of cash acquired         (17,443)         —           Net cash (used in) investing activities         (28,756)         (132,429           Cash flows from financing activities- Net (repayments) proceeds under revolving credit facilities         (30,050)         59,650           Net repayments under foreign bank loan         (1,508)         221           Repurchase of treasury stock         (8,780)         —           Net proceeds from stock issuances         565         384           Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities         (39,773)         60,255           Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents         (4)         (141           Changes in cash and cash equivalents- Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         8,363         6,144           Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period         \$ 5,986         \$ 10,991           Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: Interest paid         \$ 6,352         \$ 8,170           Income tax payments         \$ 24,283         24,509           Non-cash financing and investing activities.         \$ 44,048           Stock issuance related to the ac		` ,	
Acquisition of Cozzini, net of cash acquired         (17,443)         —           Net cash (used in) investing activities         (28,756)         (132,429)           Cash flows from financing activities-         (30,050)         59,650           Net repayments) proceeds under revolving credit facilities         (30,050)         59,650           Net repayments under foreign bank loan         (1,508)         221           Repurchase of treasury stock         (8,780)         —           Net proceeds from stock issuances         565         384           Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities         (39,773)         60,255           Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents         (4)         (141           Changes in cash and cash equivalents- Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         8,363         6,144           Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period         5,986         10,991           Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: Interest paid         5,352         8,170           Income tax payments         24,283         24,509           Non-cash financing and investing activities:         5         5           Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef			
Net cash (used in) investing activities         (28,756)         (132,429)           Cash flows from financing activities- Net (repayments) proceeds under revolving credit facilities         (30,050)         59,650           Net repayments under foreign bank loan         (1,508)         221           Repurchase of treasury stock         (8,780)         -           Net proceeds from stock issuances         565         384           Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities         (39,773)         60,255           Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents         4         (141)           Changes in cash and cash equivalents- Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         8,363         6,144           Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period         \$ 5,986         10,991           Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: Interest paid         \$ 6,352         \$ 8,170           Income tax payments         \$ 24,283         24,509           Non-cash financing and investing activities:         \$ -         \$ 4,048           Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef         \$ -         \$ 4,048           Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini         \$ -         \$ 7,360			
Cash flows from financing activities-       (30,050)       59,650         Net (repayments) proceeds under revolving credit facilities       (1,508)       221         Repurchase of treasury stock       (8,780)       —         Net proceeds from stock issuances       565       384         Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities       (39,773)       60,255         Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents       (4)       (141         Changes in cash and cash equivalents-       (2,377)       4,847         Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents       (2,377)       4,847         Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year       8,363       6,144         Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period       \$ 5,986       \$ 10,991         Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:       Interest paid       \$ 6,352       \$ 8,170         Income tax payments       \$ 24,283       24,509         Non-cash financing and investing activities:       S       \$ 44,048         Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef       \$ — \$ 44,048         Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cooxini       \$ 2,090       \$ —         Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of CookTek       \$ — \$ 7,360	Acquisition of Cozzini, net of cash acquired	(17,443)	)
Cash flows from financing activities-       (30,050)       59,650         Net (repayments) proceeds under revolving credit facilities       (1,508)       221         Repurchase of treasury stock       (8,780)       —         Net proceeds from stock issuances       565       384         Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities       (39,773)       60,255         Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents       (4)       (141         Changes in cash and cash equivalents-       (2,377)       4,847         Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents       (2,377)       4,847         Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year       8,363       6,144         Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period       \$ 5,986       \$ 10,991         Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:       Interest paid       \$ 6,352       \$ 8,170         Income tax payments       \$ 24,283       24,509         Non-cash financing and investing activities:       S       \$ 44,048         Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef       \$ — \$ 44,048         Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cooxini       \$ 2,090       \$ —         Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of CookTek       \$ — \$ 7,360			
Net (repayments) proceeds under revolving credit facilities         (30,050)         59,650           Net repayments under foreign bank loan         (1,508)         221           Repurchase of treasury stock         (8,780)         —           Net proceeds from stock issuances         565         384           Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities         (39,773)         60,255           Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents         (4)         (141           Changes in cash and cash equivalents-Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         8,363         6,144           Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period         \$ 5,986         \$ 10,991           Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:         Interest paid         \$ 6,352         \$ 8,170           Income tax payments         \$ 24,283         \$ 24,509           Non-cash financing and investing activities:         S         \$ 44,048           Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef         \$ \$ 44,048           Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini         \$ \$ 7,360	Net cash (used in) investing activities	(28,756)	) (132,429)
Net (repayments) proceeds under revolving credit facilities         (30,050)         59,650           Net repayments under foreign bank loan         (1,508)         221           Repurchase of treasury stock         (8,780)         —           Net proceeds from stock issuances         565         384           Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities         (39,773)         60,255           Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents         (4)         (141           Changes in cash and cash equivalents-Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         8,363         6,144           Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period         \$ 5,986         \$ 10,991           Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:         Interest paid         \$ 6,352         \$ 8,170           Income tax payments         \$ 24,283         \$ 24,509           Non-cash financing and investing activities:         S         \$ 44,048           Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef         \$ \$ 44,048           Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini         \$ \$ 7,360	Cash flows from financing activities		
Net repayments under foreign bank loan         (1,508)         221           Repurchase of treasury stock         (8,780)         —           Net proceeds from stock issuances         565         384           Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities         (39,773)         60,255           Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents         (4)         (141           Changes in cash and cash equivalents-Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         8,363         6,144           Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period         \$ 5,986         \$ 10,991           Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:         Interest paid         \$ 6,352         \$ 8,170           Income tax payments         \$ 24,283         \$ 24,509           Non-cash financing and investing activities:         S         \$ 44,048           Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef         \$		(30.050)	59 650
Repurchase of treasury stock         (8,780)         —           Net proceeds from stock issuances         565         384           Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities         (39,773)         60,255           Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents         (4)         (141           Changes in cash and cash equivalents- Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         8,363         6,144           Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period         \$ 5,986         \$ 10,991           Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: Interest paid         \$ 6,352         \$ 8,170           Income tax payments         \$ 24,283         \$ 24,509           Non-cash financing and investing activities:         \$ -         \$ 44,048           Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef         \$ -         \$ 44,048           Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini         \$ 2,090         \$ -           Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of CookTek         \$ -         \$ 7,360			,
Net proceeds from stock issuances         565         384           Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities         (39,773)         60,255           Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents         4         (141           Changes in cash and cash equivalents-Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         8,363         6,144           Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period         \$ 5,986         \$ 10,991           Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:         \$ 6,352         \$ 8,170           Income tax payments         \$ 24,283         \$ 24,283           Non-cash financing and investing activities:         \$ -         \$ 44,048           Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef         \$ -         \$ 44,048           Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini         \$ 2,090         \$ -           Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of CookTek         \$ -         \$ 7,360		* 1	•
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities         (39,773)         60,255           Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents         (4)         (141)           Changes in cash and cash equivalents-Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         8,363         6,144           Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period         \$ 5,986         \$ 10,991           Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:         Increase paid         \$ 6,352         \$ 8,170           Income tax payments         \$ 24,283         \$ 24,283         \$ 24,509           Non-cash financing and investing activities:         S         \$ 4,048           Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef         \$ \$ 44,048           Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini         \$ 2,090         \$           Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of CookTek         \$ \$ 7,360			
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents         (4)         (141)           Changes in cash and cash equivalents-Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         8,363         6,144           Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period         \$ 5,986         \$ 10,991           Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:         \$ 6,352         \$ 8,170           Income tax payments         \$ 24,283         \$ 24,509           Non-cash financing and investing activities:         \$ -         \$ 44,048           Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef         \$ -         \$ 44,048           Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini         \$ 2,090         \$ -           Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of CookTek         \$ -         \$ 7,360	1 vet proceeds from stock issuances		304
and cash equivalents         (4)         (141)           Changes in cash and cash equivalents-Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         8,363         6,144           Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period         \$ 5,986         \$ 10,991           Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(39,773)	) 60,255
and cash equivalents         (4)         (141)           Changes in cash and cash equivalents-Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents         (2,377)         4,847           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year         8,363         6,144           Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period         \$ 5,986         \$ 10,991           Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:			
Changes in cash and cash equivalents- Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year  Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period  Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: Interest paid  Income tax payments  Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef  Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini  Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of CookTek  Stock issuance related to the acquisition of CookTek			(141)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents (2,377) 4,847  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 8,363 6,144  Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period \$5,986 \$10,991  Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: Interest paid \$6,352 \$8,170  Income tax payments \$6,352 \$8,170  Income tax payments \$24,283 \$24,509  Non-cash financing and investing activities: Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef \$\$-\$\$44,048  Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini \$2,090 \$\$-\$\$  Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of CookTek \$\$-\$\$7,360	and cash equivalents	(4	)(141
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents (2,377) 4,847  Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 8,363 6,144  Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period \$5,986 \$10,991  Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: Interest paid \$6,352 \$8,170  Income tax payments \$6,352 \$8,170  Income tax payments \$24,283 \$24,509  Non-cash financing and investing activities: Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef \$\$-\$\$44,048  Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini \$2,090 \$\$-\$\$  Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of CookTek \$\$-\$\$7,360	Changes in cash and cash equivalents-		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year 8,363 6,144  Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period \$5,986 \$10,991  Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: Interest paid \$6,352 \$8,170  Income tax payments \$24,283 \$24,509  Non-cash financing and investing activities: Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef \$5 — \$44,048  Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini \$2,090 \$ —  Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of CookTek \$5 — \$7,360		(2.377)	) 4.847
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period  Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:  Interest paid  Income tax payments  Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:  Interest paid  Income tax payments  Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:  Supplemental disclosure of c	( (.	(-)	, .,
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:  Interest paid  Income tax payments  Solve tax payments  Non-cash financing and investing activities:  Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef  Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini  Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of CookTek  Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:  \$ 6,352 \$ 8,170  \$ 24,283 \$ 24,509  \$ - \$ 44,048  \$ - \$ 44,048  \$ - \$ 7,360	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	8,363	6,144
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:  Interest paid  Income tax payments  Solve tax payments  Non-cash financing and investing activities:  Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef  Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini  Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of CookTek  Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:  \$ 6,352 \$ 8,170  \$ 24,283 \$ 24,509  \$ - \$ 44,048  \$ - \$ 44,048  \$ - \$ 7,360		ф. 5.00 <i>с</i>	Ф 10.001
Interest paid \$ 6,352 \$ 8,170 Income tax payments \$ 24,283 \$ 24,509  Non-cash financing and investing activities:  Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef \$ - \$ 44,048  Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini \$ 2,090 \$ - \  Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of CookTek \$ - \$ 7,360	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the nine-month period	\$ 5,986	\$ 10,991
Interest paid \$ 6,352 \$ 8,170 Income tax payments \$ 24,283 \$ 24,509  Non-cash financing and investing activities:  Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef \$ - \$ 44,048  Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini \$ 2,090 \$ - \  Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of CookTek \$ - \$ 7,360	Supplemental disclosure of each flow information:		
Income tax payments  Substitution of Turbo Chef Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Turbo Chef Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini Substitution of Cozzini Substitution of CookTek		\$ 6.352	\$ 8170
Non-cash financing and investing activities:  Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef  Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini  Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of CookTek  Stock issuance related to the acquisition of CookTek  Stock issuance related to the acquisition of CookTek  Stock issuance related to the acquisition of CookTek			
Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef       \$ —       \$ 44,048         Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini       \$ 2,090       \$ —         Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of CookTek       \$ —       \$ 7,360	Income tax payments	\$ 24,283	\$ 24,509
Stock issuance related to the acquisition of TurboChef       \$ —       \$ 44,048         Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini       \$ 2,090       \$ —         Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of CookTek       \$ —       \$ 7,360	Non-cash financing and investing activities:		
Stock issuance related to the acquisition of Cozzini  Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of CookTek  \$ 2,090 \$ — \$ 7,360		\$ —	\$ 44.048
Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of CookTek \$ \$ 7,360	-		
Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of Cozzini \$\_2,000 \\$\			
	Contingent consideration related to the acquisition of Cozzini	\$ 2,000	<u> </u>

#### THE MIDDLEBY CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### October 2, 2010 (Unaudited)

#### 1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A) Basis of Presentation

The condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by The Middleby Corporation (the "company"), pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The financial statements are unaudited and certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the company believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information not misleading. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes contained in the company's 2009 Form 10-K.

In the opinion of management, the financial statements contain all adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position of the company as of October 2, 2010 and January 2, 2010, and the results of operations for the three and nine months ended October 2, 2010 and October 3, 2009 and cash flows for the nine months ended October 2, 2010 and October 3, 2009.

#### B) Non-Cash Share-Based Compensation

The company estimates the fair value of market-based stock awards and stock options at the time of grant and recognizes compensation cost over the vesting period of the awards and options. Non-cash share-based compensation expense was \$3.7 million and \$2.7 million for the third quarter of 2010 and 2009, respectively. Non-cash share-based compensation expense was \$11.1 million and \$8.2 million for the nine month periods ended October 2, 2010 and October 3, 2009, respectively.

#### C) Income Tax Contingencies

On December 31, 2006, the company adopted the provisions of Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 740 "Income Taxes". This interpretation prescribes a comprehensive model for how a company should recognize, measure, present and disclose in its financial statements uncertain tax positions that the company has taken or expects to take on a tax return. ASC 740 states that a tax benefit from an uncertain tax position may be recognized only if it is "more likely than not" that the position is sustainable, based on its technical merits. The tax benefit of a qualifying position is the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized upon settlement with a taxing authority having full knowledge of all relevant information.

As of January 2, 2010, the total amount of liability for unrecognized tax benefits related to federal, state and foreign taxes was approximately \$20.3 million (of which \$12.9 would impact the effective tax rate if recognized) plus approximately \$2.0 million of accrued interest and \$2.2 million of penalties. As of October 2, 2010, there were no significant changes in the total amount of liability for unrecognized tax benefits. During the second quarter, the IRS completed its audit of the company's 2007 federal tax return resulting in a \$1.3 million benefit to the provision. The results of this audit were reflected in the company's second quarter financial statements.

It is reasonably possible that the amounts of unrecognized tax benefits associated with state, federal and foreign tax positions may decrease over the next twelve months due to expiration of a statute or completion of an audit. While a reasonable range of the amount cannot be determined, the company believes such decrease would not be material.

The company operates in multiple taxing jurisdictions, both within the United States and outside of the United States, and faces audits from various tax authorities. The company remains subject to examination until the statute of limitations expires for the respective tax jurisdiction. Federal tax years 2006 and 2007 were examined by competent IRS agents. Therefore the company believes the tax years to be effectively settled and closed for ASC 740 purposes. Within specific countries, the company and its operating subsidiaries may be subject to audit by various tax authorities and may be subject to different statute of limitations expiration dates. A summary of the tax years that remain subject to examination in the company's major tax jurisdictions are:

United States – federal	2006 - 2009
United States – states	2002 - 2009
China	2002 - 2009
Canada	2009
Denmark	2006 - 2009
Italy	2008 - 2009
Mexico	2005 - 2009
Philippines	2006 - 2009
South Korea	2005 - 2009
Spain	2007 - 2009
Taiwan	2007 - 2009
United Kingdom	2007 - 2009

#### D) Fair Value Measures

On December 30, 2007 (first day of fiscal year 2008), the company adopted the provisions of ASC 820 "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures". This statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles and expands disclosure about fair value measurements.

ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value into the following levels:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs, other than quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs based on our own assumptions.

The company's financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value and are categorized using the fair value hierarchy at October 2, 2010 are as follows (in thousands):

	Fair Value Level 1	Fair Value Level 2	Fair Value Level 3	Total
As of October 2, 2010				
Financial Assets:				
None	_	_	_	\$ 
Financial Liabilities:				
Interest rate swaps	_	\$ 2,921	_	\$ 2,921
Contingent consideration	_	_	\$ 5,706	\$ 5,706
As of January 2, 2010				
Financial Assets:				
None	_	_	_	\$ 
Financial Liabilities:				
Interest rate swaps	_	\$ 2,966	_	\$ 2,966
Contingent consideration	_	_	\$ 4,134	\$ 4,134

The contingent consideration relates to earnout provisions recorded in conjunction with the acquisitions of CookTek LLC and the food processing equipment division of Cozzini, Inc. See Note 2 for more information.

#### 2) Acquisitions and Purchase Accounting

The company operates in a highly fragmented industry and has completed numerous acquisitions over the past several years as a component of its growth strategy. The company has acquired industry leading brands and technologies to position itself as a leader in the commercial foodservice equipment and food processing equipment industries.

The company has accounted for all business combinations using the purchase method to record a new cost basis for the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The difference between the purchase price and the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed has been recorded as goodwill in the financial statements. The results of operations are reflected in the consolidated financial statements of the company from the date of acquisition.

#### **CookTek**

On April 26, 2009, the company completed its acquisition of substantially all of the assets and operations of CookTek LLC ("CookTek"), the leading manufacturer of induction cooking and warming systems for a purchase price of \$8.0 million in cash. An additional deferred payment of \$1.0 million was made during the second quarter of 2010 as provided for in the purchase agreement. Additional contingent payments are also payable over the course of four years upon the achievement of certain sales targets as described below.

The final allocation of cash paid for the CookTek acquisition is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	ally reported) 26, 2009	Measurement Period Adjustments	(as adjusted) Apr 26, 2009
Current assets	\$ 2,595	\$ (12)	) \$ 2,583
Property, plant and equipment	152	_	152
Goodwill	11,544	(5,649)	5,895
Other intangibles	3,622	3,000	6,622
Current liabilities	(3,428)	165	(3,263)
Other non-current liabilities	 (6,485)	2,496	(3,989)
Total cash paid at closing	\$ 8,000	\$ —	\$ 8,000
Deferred cash payment	1,000	_	1,000
Contingent consideration	 7,360	(2,660)	4,700
Net assets acquired and liabilities assumed	\$ 16,360	\$ (2,660)	\$ 13,700

The CookTek purchase agreement included an earnout provision providing for contingent payments due to the sellers to the extent certain financial targets are exceeded. The earnout amounts are payable in the four consecutive years subsequent to the acquisition date if CookTek exceeds certain sales targets for each of those years. The earnout payment will amount to 10% of the sales in excess of the target for each of the respective years. There is no cap on the potential earnout payment, however, the company's estimated probable range of the contingent consideration is between \$0 and \$8 million. The contractual obligation associated with the contingent earnout provision recognized on the acquisition date was \$4.7 million. This amount was determined based on an income approach.

The goodwill and \$3.5 million of other intangibles associated with the trade name are subject to the non-amortization provisions of ASC 350 "Intangibles – Goodwill and Other." Other intangibles also include less than \$0.1 million allocated to backlog, \$0.7 million allocated to developed technology and \$2.4 million allocated to customer relationships which are to be amortized over periods of 3 months, 6 years and 5 years, respectively. Goodwill and other intangibles of CookTek are allocated to the Commercial Foodservice Equipment Group for segment reporting purposes. These assets are expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

During the second quarter of 2009, the company recorded a preliminary estimate of the intangible assets acquired in conjunction with the CookTek acquisition. The company also recorded intangible amortization expense related to those assets in its results of operations for the second quarter of 2009. The final valuation of intangible assets acquired was completed during the fourth quarter of 2009. Therefore, the company adjusted the intangible amortization expense in its full year results of operations for 2009. This adjustment did not have a material impact on the company's results of operations.

#### <u>Anets</u>

On April 30, 2009, the company completed its acquisition of substantially all of the assets and operations of Anetsberger Brothers, Inc. ("Anets"), a leading manufacturer of griddles, fryers and dough rollers, for a purchase price of \$3.4 million. An additional deferred payment of \$0.5 million was made in the second quarter of 2010 upon the achievement of certain transition objectives.

The final allocation of cash paid for the Anets acquisition is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	`	ally reported) 30, 2009	Measurement Perio Adjustments	,	s adjusted) or 30, 2009
Current assets	\$	2,210	\$ -	- \$	2,210
Goodwill		3,320	2	2	3,342
Other intangibles		1,085	_	_	1,085
Current liabilities		(3,107)	(2	2)	(3,129)
Other non-current liabilities		(150)			(150)
Total cash paid at closing	\$	3,358	\$ -	- \$	3,358
Deferred cash payment		500			500
Net assets acquired and liabilities assumed	\$	3,858	\$ -	- \$	3,858

The goodwill and \$0.9 million of other intangibles associated with the trade name are subject to the non-amortization provisions of ASC 350. Other intangibles also include less than \$0.1 million allocated to developed technology and \$0.2 million allocated to customer relationships, both of which are to be amortized over the period of 3 years. Goodwill and other intangibles of Anets are allocated to the Commercial Foodservice Equipment Group for segment reporting purposes. These assets are expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

#### **Doyon**

On December 14, 2009, the company completed its acquisition of Doyon Equipment, Inc. ("Doyon"), a leading Canadian manufacturer of baking ovens for the commercial foodservice industry, for a purchase price of approximately \$5.8 million. During the three month period ended October 2, 2010, the company finalized the working capital provision resulting in an additional payment of \$577,000.

The following estimated fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed are provisional and are based on the information that was available as of the acquisition date to estimate the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Measurement period adjustments reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date (in thousands):

	*	ally reported) 14, 2009	Measurement Period Adjustments	(as adjusted) Dec 14, 2009
Current assets	\$	5,034	\$ —	\$ 5,034
Property, Plant and Equipment		1,876	_	1,876
Goodwill		191	1,550	1,741
Other intangibles		2,355	(82)	2,273
Current maturities of long-term debt		(285)	<u>—</u>	(285)
Current liabilities		(2,105)	(891)	(2,996)
Long-term debt		(1,081)	_	(1,081)
Other non-current liabilities		(166)	_	(166)
Net assets and liabilities assumed	\$	5,819	\$ 577	\$ 6,396

The goodwill and \$1.4 million of other intangibles associated with the trade name are subject to the non-amortization provisions of ASC 350. Other intangibles also include \$0.1 million allocated to developed technology and \$0.8 million allocated to customer relationships which are to be amortized over the periods of 5 years. Goodwill and other intangibles of Doyon are allocated to the Commercial Foodservice Equipment Group for segment reporting purposes. These assets are not expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

The company believes that information gathered to date provides a reasonable basis for estimating the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed but the company is waiting for additional information necessary to finalize those fair values. Thus, the provisional measurements of fair value set forth above are subject to change. Such changes are not expected to be significant. The company expects to complete the purchase price allocation as soon as practicable but no later than one year from the acquisition date. In the company's financial statements for the fiscal year 2009, the company recorded a preliminary estimate of the intangible assets acquired in conjunction with the Doyon acquisition. The company also recorded intangible amortization expense related to these assets in its results of operations for the first quarter of 2010. The final valuation of intangible assets acquired was completed during the second quarter of 2010. Therefore, the company adjusted the intangible amortization expense in its results of operations for the second quarter of 2010 on a year to date basis. This adjustment did not have a material impact on the company's results of operations.

#### PerfectFry

On July 13, 2010, the company completed its acquisition of substantially all of the assets and operations of PerfectFry Company LTD ("PerfectFry"), a leading manufacturer of ventless countertop frying units for the commercial foodservice industry for a purchase price of approximately \$4.6 million. The purchase price is subject to adjustment based upon a working capital provision within the purchase agreement.

The following estimated fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed are provisional and are based on the information that was available as of the acquisition date to estimate the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed (in thousands):

	Jul 1	13, 2010
Cash	\$	247
Current assets		1,949
Goodwill		2,502
Other intangibles		1,653
Current liabilities		(1,497)
Net assets and liabilities assumed	\$	4,854

The goodwill and \$1.2 million of other intangibles associated with the trade name are subject to the non-amortization provisions of ASC 350. Other intangibles also include \$0.1 million allocated to developed technology and \$0.3 million allocated to customer relationships which are to be amortized over the periods of 5 years. Goodwill and other intangibles of PerfectFry are allocated to the Commercial Foodservice Equipment Group for segment reporting purposes. These assets are expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

The company believes that information gathered to date provides a reasonable basis for estimating the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed but the company is waiting for additional information necessary to finalize those fair values. Thus, the provisional measurements of fair value set forth above are subject to change. Such changes are not expected to be significant. The company expects to complete the purchase price allocation as soon as practicable but no later than one year from the acquisition date.

#### **Cozzini**

On September 21, 2010, the company completed its acquisition of the food processing equipment business of Cozzini, Inc. ("Cozzini"), a leading manufacturer of equipment solutions for the food processing industry, for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$19.5 million, including \$17.4 million in cash and 34,263 shares of Middleby common stock valued at \$2.1 million. An additional contingent payment is also payable upon the achievement of certain sales targets. The purchase price is subject to adjustment based upon a working capital provision within the purchase agreement.

The following estimated fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed are provisional and are based on the information that was available as of the acquisition date to estimate the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed (in thousands):

	Sep	21, 2010
	Ф	5.57
Cash	\$	557
Current assets		13,601
Property, Plant and Equipment		863
Goodwill		9,601
Other intangibles		6,691
Other assets		636
Current liabilities		(11,859)
Consideration paid at closing	\$	20,090
Contingent consideration		2,000
Net assets acquired and liabilities assumed	\$	22,090

The goodwill and \$3.2 million of other intangibles associated with the trade name are subject to the non-amortization provisions of ASC 350. Other intangibles also includes \$0.6 million allocated to developed technology, \$2.4 million allocated to customer relationships and \$0.4 million allocated to backlog which are to be amortized over the periods of 5 years, 7 years and 3 months respectively. Goodwill and other intangibles of Cozzini are allocated to the Food Processing Group for segment reporting purposes. These assets are expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

The company believes that information gathered to date provides a reasonable basis for estimating the fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed but the company is waiting for additional information necessary to finalize those fair values. Thus, the provisional measurements of fair value set forth above are subject to change. Such changes are not expected to be significant. The company expects to complete the purchase price allocation as soon as practicable but no later than one year from the acquisition date.

The Cozzini purchase agreement included an earnout provision providing for a contingent payment due to the sellers to the extent certain financial targets are exceeded. This earnout payment is payable within the first quarter of 2011 if Cozzini exceeds certain sales targets for fiscal 2010. The contractual obligation associated with the contingent earnout provision recognized on the acquisition date was \$2.0 million.

#### 3) Litigation Matters

From time to time, the company is subject to proceedings, lawsuits and other claims related to products, suppliers, employees, customers and competitors. The company maintains insurance to partially cover product liability, workers compensation, property and casualty, and general liability matters. The company is required to assess the likelihood of any adverse judgments or outcomes to these matters as well as potential ranges of probable losses. A determination of the amount of accrual required, if any, for these contingencies is made after assessment of each matter and the related insurance coverage. The reserve requirement may change in the future due to new developments or changes in approach such as a change in settlement strategy in dealing with these matters. The company does not believe that any pending litigation will have a material adverse effect on its financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

#### 4) Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In January 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2010-06, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820), "Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements" ("ASU No. 2010-06"). ASU No. 2010-06 requires new disclosures about significant transfers in and out of Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements and the reasons for such transfers and to disclose separately information about purchases, sales, issuances and settlements in the reconciliation for Level 3 fair value measurements. The company adopted the provisions of ASU No. 2010-06 on January 3, 2010, except for disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances and settlements in the reconciliation for Level 3 fair value measurements. These disclosures will be effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010. The company does not expect that the adoption of ASU No. 2010-06 will have a material impact on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In October 2009, the FASB issued ASU No. 2009-13, Revenue Recognition (Topic 605), "Multiple-Deliverable Revenue Arrangements" ("ASU No. 2009-13"). ASU No. 2009-13 establishes the accounting and reporting guidance for arrangements including multiple revenue-generating activities. The amendments in ASU No. 2009-13 are effective prospectively for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified in the fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010. The company will adopt the provisions of ASU No. 2009-13 as required. The company does not expect that the adoption of ASU No. 2009-13 will have a material impact on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### 5) Other Comprehensive Income

The company reports changes in equity during a period, except those resulting from investments by owners and distributions to owners, in accordance with ASC 220, "Comprehensive Income."

Components of other comprehensive income were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended					Nine Months Ended				
	Oct 2, 2010			et 3, 2009	O	et 2, 2010	O	et 3, 2009		
Net earnings	\$	20,602	\$	15,501	\$	51,873	\$	43,282		
Currency translation adjustment		2,557		365		251		1,333		
Unrealized gain on interest rate swaps, net of tax	(79)		) 466		(11)			1,041		
Comprehensive income	\$	23,080	\$	16,332	\$	52,113	\$	45,656		

Accumulated other comprehensive income is comprised of unrecognized pension benefit costs of \$2.3 million, net of taxes of \$0.6 million as of October 2, 2010 and January 2, 2010, foreign currency translation adjustments of \$0.9 million as of October 2, 2010 and \$1.1 million as of January 2, 2010 and an unrealized loss on interest rate swaps of \$1.5 million, net of taxes of \$1.0 million as of October 2, 2010 and January 2, 2010.

#### 6) Inventories

Inventories are composed of material, labor and overhead and are stated at the lower of cost or market. Costs for inventory at two of the company's manufacturing facilities have been determined using the last-in, first-out ("LIFO") method. These inventories under the LIFO method amounted to \$16.0 million at October 2, 2010 and \$15.6 million at January 2, 2010 and represented approximately 15% and 17% of the total inventory in each respective period. Costs for all other inventory have been determined using the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method. The company estimates reserves for inventory obsolescence and shrinkage based on its judgment of future realization. Inventories at October 2, 2010 and January 2, 2010 are as follows:

	Oc	t 2, 2010	Jar	n 2, 2010		
		s)				
Raw materials and parts	\$	\$ 60,708 \$ 5				
Work-in-process		18,440		13,629		
Finished goods		27,696		26,731		
		106,844		91,431		
LIFO reserve		(791)		(791)		
	\$	106,053	\$	90,640		

# 7) Goodwill

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the nine months ended October 2, 2010 are as follows (in thousands):

	Commercial Foodservice	Food Processing	Total
Balance as of January 2, 2010	\$ 326,980	\$ 31,526	\$ 358,506
Goodwill acquired during the year Adjustments to prior year acquisitions	2,502 1,567	9,601	12,103 1,567
Foreign exchange rate effect	(127)		(127)
Balance as of October 2, 2010	\$ 330,922	\$ 41,127	\$ 372,049

# 8) Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses consist of the following:

	O	Oct 2, 2010		n 2, 2010
		(in thou	ısan	ids)
Accrued payroll and related expenses	\$	28,372	\$	19,988
Advance customer deposits		17,630		14,066
Accrued warranty		14,213		14,265
Accrued customer rebates		13,161		12,980
Accrued product liability and workers comp		9,443		9,877
Accrued agent commission		6,701		4,825
Accrued professional services		5,559		4,931
Other accrued expenses		18,106		19,327
	\$	113,185	\$	100,259
	_			

#### 9) Warranty Costs

In the normal course of business the company issues product warranties for specific product lines and provides for the estimated future warranty cost in the period in which the sale is recorded. The estimate of warranty cost is based on contract terms and historical warranty loss experience that is periodically adjusted for recent actual experience. Because warranty estimates are forecasts that are based on the best available information, actual claims costs may differ from amounts provided. Adjustments to initial obligations for warranties are made as changes in the obligations become reasonably estimable.

A rollforward of the warranty reserve is as follows:

	Ос	Ionths Ended t 2, 2010 housands)
Beginning balance	\$	14,265
Warranty reserve related to acquisitions		481
Warranty expense		16,416
Warranty claims		(16,949)
Ending balance	\$	14,213

#### 10) Financing Arrangements

	Oct 2, 2010 Jan 2, 2010 (in thousands)
Senior secured revolving credit line	\$ 235,850 \$ 265,900
Foreign loan	7,758 9,741
Total debt	\$ 243,608 \$ 275,641
Less: Current maturities of long-term debt	5,349 7,517
Long-term debt	<u>\$ 238,259</u> <u>\$ 268,124</u>
· ·	

Terms of the company's senior credit agreement provide for \$497.8 million of availability under a revolving credit line. As of October 2, 2010, the company had \$235.9 outstanding under this facility. The company also has \$6.9 million in outstanding letters of credit as of October 2, 2010, which reduces the borrowing availability under the revolving credit line. Remaining borrowing availability under this facility, which is also reduced by the company's foreign borrowings, was \$247.2 million at October 2, 2010.

At October 2, 2010, borrowings under the senior secured credit facility are assessed at an interest rate of 1.25% above LIBOR for long-term borrowings or at the higher of the Prime rate and the Federal Funds Rate. At October 2, 2010 the average interest rate on the senior debt amounted to 1.55%. The interest rates on borrowings under the senior secured credit facility may be adjusted quarterly based on the company's indebtedness ratio on a rolling four-quarter basis. Additionally, a commitment fee based upon the indebtedness ratio is charged on the unused portion of the revolving credit line. This variable commitment fee amounted to 0.25% as of October 2, 2010.

In August 2006, the company completed its acquisition of Houno A/S in Denmark. This acquisition was funded in part with locally established debt facilities with borrowings in Danish Krone. On October 2, 2010 these facilities amounted to \$2.7 million in U.S. dollars, including \$0.9 million outstanding under a revolving credit facility and \$1.8 million of a term loan. The interest rate on the revolving credit facility is assessed at 1.25% above Euro LIBOR, which amounted to 3.85% on October 2, 2010. The term loan matures in 2013 and the interest rate is assessed at 5.146%.

In April 2008, the company completed its acquisition of Giga Grandi Cucine S.r.l ("Giga") in Italy. This acquisition was funded in part with locally established debt facilities with borrowings denominated in Euro. On October 2, 2010 these facilities amounted to \$4.1 million in U.S. dollars. The interest rate on the credit facilities is tied to six-month Euro LIBOR. At October 2, 2010, the average interest rate on these facilities was approximately 3.5%. The facilities mature in April of 2015.

In December 2009, the company completed its acquisition of Doyon in Canada. This acquisition was funded in part with locally established debt facilities with borrowings denominated in Canadian dollars. On October 2, 2010, these facilities amounted to \$0.9 million U.S. dollars. The borrowings under these facilities are collateralized by the assets of the company. The interest rate on these credit facilities is assessed at 0.75% above the prime rate. At October 2, 2010, the average interest rate on these facilities amounted to 3.0%. These facilities mature in 2017.

The company's debt is reflected on the balance sheet at cost. Based on current market conditions, the company believes its interest rate margins on its existing debt are below the rate available in the market, which causes the fair value of debt to fall below the carrying value. The company believes the current interest rate margin is approximately 1.0% below current market rates. However, as the interest rate margin is based upon numerous factors, including but not limited to the credit rating of the borrower, the duration of the loan, the structure and restrictions under the debt agreement, current lending policies of the counterparty, and the company's relationships with its lenders, there is no readily available market data to ascertain the current market rate for an equivalent debt instrument. As a result, the current interest rate margin is based upon the company's best estimate based upon discussions with its lenders.

The company estimated the fair value of its loans by calculating the upfront cash payment a market participant would require to assume the company's obligations. The upfront cash payment is the amount that a market participant would be able to lend at October 2, 2010 to achieve sufficient cash inflows to cover the cash outflows under the company's senior revolving credit facility assuming the facility was outstanding in its entirety until maturity. Since the company maintains its borrowings under a revolving credit facility and there is no predetermined borrowing or repayment schedule, for purposes of this calculation the company calculated the fair value of its obligations assuming the current amount of debt at the end of the period was outstanding until the maturity of the company's senior revolving credit facility in December 2012. Although borrowings could be materially greater or less than the current amount of borrowings outstanding at the end of the period, it is not practical to estimate the amounts that may be outstanding during future periods. The fair value of the company's senior debt obligations as estimated by the company based upon its assumptions is approximately \$238.2 million at October 2, 2010, as compared to the carrying value of \$243.6 million.

The carrying value and estimated aggregate fair value, based primarily on market prices, of debt is as follows (in thousands):

	October 2	2, 2010	January 2	2, 2010	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value	
Total debt	\$ 243.608	\$ 238,227	\$ 275,641	\$ 267,632	

The company believes that its current capital resources, including cash and cash equivalents, cash generated from operations, funds available from its revolving credit facility and access to the credit and capital markets will be sufficient to finance its operations, debt service obligations, capital expenditures, product development and integration expenditures for the foreseeable future.

The company has historically entered into interest rate swap agreements to effectively fix the interest rate on its outstanding debt. The agreements swap one-month LIBOR for fixed rates. As of October 2, 2010 the company had the following interest rate swaps in effect:

Notional Amount	Fixed Interest Rate	Effective Date	Maturity Date
10,000,000	3.032%	02/06/08	02/06/11
10,000,000	3.590%	06/10/08	06/10/11
10,000,000	3.460%	09/08/08	09/06/11
25,000,000	3.670%	09/23/08	09/23/11
15,000,000	1.220%	11/23/09	11/23/11
10,000,000	1.120%	03/11/10	03/11/12
20,000,000	1.800%	11/23/09	11/23/12
20,000,000	1.560%	03/11/10	12/11/12
15,000,000	0.950%	09/07/10	12/06/12

The terms of the senior secured credit facility limit the paying of dividends, capital expenditures and leases, and require, among other things, ratios of indebtedness of 3.5 debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") and fixed charge coverage of 1.25 EBITDA to fixed charges. The credit agreement also provides that if a material adverse change in the company's business operations or conditions occurs, the lender could declare an event of default. Under terms of the agreement, a material adverse effect is defined as (a) a material adverse change in, or a material adverse effect upon, the operations, business properties, condition (financial and otherwise) or prospects of the company and its subsidiaries taken as a whole; (b) a material impairment of the ability of the company to perform under the loan agreements and to avoid any event of default; or (c) a material adverse effect upon the legality, validity, binding effect or enforceability against the company of any loan document. A material adverse effect is determined on a subjective basis by the company's creditors. The credit facility is secured by the capital stock of the company's domestic subsidiaries, 65% of the capital stock of the company's foreign subsidiaries and substantially all other assets of the company. At October 2, 2010, the company was in compliance with all covenants pursuant to its borrowing agreements.

#### 11) Financial Instruments

ASC 815 "Derivatives and Hedging" requires an entity to recognize all derivatives as either assets or liabilities and measure those instruments at fair value. Derivatives that do not qualify as a hedge must be adjusted to fair value in earnings. If the derivative does qualify as a hedge under ASC 815, changes in the fair value will either be offset against the change in fair value of the hedged assets, liabilities or firm commitments or recognized in other accumulated comprehensive income until the hedged item is recognized in earnings. The ineffective portion of a hedge's change in fair value will be immediately recognized in earnings.

Foreign Exchange: The company has entered into derivative instruments, principally forward contracts to reduce exposures pertaining to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates. As of October 2, 2010, the company had no forward contracts outstanding.

Interest Rate: The company has entered into interest rate swaps to fix the interest rate applicable to certain of its variable-rate debt. The agreements swap one-month LIBOR for fixed rates. The company has designated these swaps as cash flow hedges and all changes in fair value of the swaps are recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income. As of October 2, 2010, the fair value of these instruments was a loss of \$2.9 million. The change in fair value of these swap agreements in the first nine months of 2010 was a gain of less than \$0.1 million, net of taxes.

The following tables summarize the company's fair value of interest rate swaps (in thousands):

	Condensed Consolidated							
	Balance Sheet Presentation	Oc	t 2, 2010	Jar	n 2, 2010			
			<u>.</u>					
Fair value	Other non-current liabilities	\$	(2,921)	\$	(2,966)			

The impact on earnings from interest rate swaps was as follows (in thousands):

		Three Months Ended				Nine Months Ended			
	Presentation of Gain/(loss)		2, 2010	Oc	et 3, 2009	<u>O</u>	et 2, 2010	Oc	et 3, 2009
Gain/(loss) recognized in other comprehensive income	Other comprehensive income	\$	(860)	\$	(500)	\$	(2,621)	2	(2,045)
	meome	Ψ	(000)	Ψ	(300)	Ψ	(2,021)	Ψ	(2,013)
Gain/(loss) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (effective portion)	Interest expense	\$	(759)	\$	(1,279)	\$	(2,670)	\$	(3,767)
Gain recognized in income (ineffective portion)	Other expense	\$	7	\$	1	\$	(4)	\$	(14)

Interest rate swaps are subject to default risk to the extent the counterparties are unable to satisfy their settlement obligations under the interest rate swap agreements. The company reviews the credit profile of the financial institutions and assesses its creditworthiness prior to entering into the interest rate swap agreements. The interest rate swap agreements typically contain provisions that allow the counterparty to require early settlement in the event that the company becomes insolvent or is unable to maintain compliance with its covenants under its existing debt agreements.

#### 12) Segment Information

The company operates in two reportable operating segments defined by management reporting structure and operating activities.

The Commercial Foodservice Equipment Group manufactures cooking equipment for the restaurant and institutional kitchen industry. This business segment has manufacturing facilities in California, Illinois, Michigan, New Hampshire, North Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Canada, China, Denmark, Italy and the Philippines. Principal product lines of this group include conveyor ovens, ranges, steamers, convection ovens, combi-ovens, broilers and steam cooking equipment, induction cooking systems, baking and proofing ovens, griddles, charbroilers, catering equipment, fryers, toasters, hot food servers, foodwarming equipment, griddles and coffee and beverage dispensing equipment. These products are sold and marketed under the brand names: Anets, Blodgett, Blodgett Combi, Blodgett Range, Bloomfield, CTX, Carter-Hoffmann, CookTek, Doyon, Frifri, Giga, Holman, Houno, Jade, Lang, MagiKitch'n, Middleby Marshall, Nu-Vu, PerfectFry, Pitco, Southbend, Star, Toastmaster, TurboChef and Wells.

The Food Processing Equipment Group manufactures preparation, cooking, packaging and food safety equipment for the food processing industry. This business division has manufacturing operations in Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin and Mexico. Its principal products include batch ovens, belt ovens and conveyorized cooking systems sold under the Alkar brand name; grinding and slicing equipment and food suspension, reduction and emulstion systems sold under the Cozzini brand name; breading, battering, mixing, slicing and forming equipment sold under the MP Equipment brand name and packaging and food safety equipment sold under the RapidPak brand name.

During the second quarter of 2010, the company made a determination that the International Distribution Division, previously reported as a separate business segment, no longer met the criteria requiring it to be reported as separate operating segment. Accordingly, the associated financial information has been incorporated within the Commercial Foodservice Group for the current and prior year periods.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies. The chief decision maker evaluates individual segment performance based on operating income. Management believes that intersegment sales are made at established armslength transfer prices.

# Net Sales Summary (dollars in thousands)

		ths Ended		Nine Months Ended						
Oct 2,	2010	Oct 3,	2009	Oct 2,	2010	Oct 3,	2009			
Sales	Percent	Sales	Percent	Sales	Percent	Sales	Percent			
\$ 156,081	87.8	\$ 136,643	88.7	\$ 450,036	87.9	\$ 448,252	90.7			
21,712	12.2	17,346	11.3	61,852	12.1	45,884	9.3			
\$ 177,793	100.0%	\$153,989	100.0%	\$ 511,888	100.0%	\$ 494,136	100.0%			
	\$ 156,081 21,712	Sales         Percent           \$ 156,081         87.8           21,712         12.2	Sales         Percent         Sales           \$ 156,081         87.8         \$ 136,643           21,712         12.2         17,346	Sales         Percent         Sales         Percent           \$ 156,081         87.8         \$ 136,643         88.7           21,712         12.2         17,346         11.3	Sales         Percent         Sales         Percent         Sales           \$ 156,081         87.8         \$ 136,643         88.7         \$ 450,036           21,712         12.2         17,346         11.3         61,852	Sales         Percent         Sales         Percent         Sales         Percent           \$ 156,081         87.8         \$ 136,643         88.7         \$ 450,036         87.9           21,712         12.2         17,346         11.3         61,852         12.1	Sales         Percent         Sales         Percent         Sales         Percent         Sales           \$ 156,081         87.8         \$ 136,643         88.7         \$ 450,036         87.9         \$ 448,252           21,712         12.2         17,346         11.3         61,852         12.1         45,884			

The following table summarizes the results of operations for the company's business segments<sup>(1)</sup> (in thousands):

	Commercial Foodservice F		Food Processing		Corporate and Other <sup>(2)</sup>	 Total	
Three months ended October 2, 2010							
Net sales	\$	156,081	\$	21,712	\$	_	\$ 177,793
Income from operations		38,002		4,040		(10,031)	32,011
Depreciation and amortization expense		3,257		438		154	3,849
Net capital expenditures		400		65		138	603
Nine months ended October 2, 2010							
Net sales	\$	450,036	\$	61,852	\$	_	\$ 511,888
Income from operations		107,042		12,076		(30,943)	88,175
Depreciation and amortization expense		10,040		1,150		466	11,656
Net capital expenditures		2,492		167		349	3,008
Total assets		709,733		104,377		52,528	866,638
Long-lived assets		524,905		58,271		30,169	613,345
Three months ended October 3, 2009							
Net sales	\$	136,643	\$	17,346	\$	_	\$ 153,989
Income from operations		30,655		3,815		(6,396)	28,074
Depreciation and amortization expense		3,288		319		191	3,798
Net capital expenditures		879		50		42	971
Nine months ended October 3, 2009							
Net sales	\$	448,252	\$	45,884	\$	_	\$ 494,136
Income from operations		100,072		7,658		(24,620)	83,110
Depreciation and amortization expense		10,381		980		512	11,873
Net capital expenditures		4,467		74		400	4,941
Total assets		715,737		68,177		39,267	823,181
Long-lived assets		542,634		43,347		11,916	597,897

<sup>(1)</sup> Non-operating expenses are not allocated to the operating segments. Non-operating expenses consist of interest expense and deferred financing amortization, foreign exchange gains and losses and other income and expense items outside of income from operations.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes corporate and other general company assets and operations.

Long-lived assets by major geographic region are as follows (in thousands):

	Oct 2, 2010	Oct 3, 2009
United States and Canada	\$ 586,151	\$ 568,891
Asia	1,826	1,917
Europe and Middle East	24,412	26,895
Latin America	956	194
Total international	\$ 27,194	\$ 29,006
	\$ 613,345	\$ 597,897

Net sales by major geographic region were as follows (in thousands):

		Three Months Ended				Nine Months Ended			
	O	Oct 2, 2010		Oct 3, 2009		Oct 2, 2010		et 3, 2009	
United States and Canada	\$	141,179	\$	125,071	\$	410,444	\$	417,703	
Asia		12,503		8,111		29,724		18,757	
Europe and Middle East		17,675		17,039		56,915		46,392	
Latin America		6,436		3,768		14,805		11,284	
Total international	\$	36,614	\$	28,918	\$	101,444	\$	76,433	
	\$	177,793	\$	153,989	\$	511,888	\$	494,136	

#### 13) Employee Retirement Plans

#### (a) Pension Plans

The company maintains a non-contributory defined benefit plan for its employees at the Smithville, Tennessee facility, which was acquired as part of the New Star International Holdings, Inc. ("Star") acquisition. Benefits are determined based upon retirement age and years of service with the company. This defined benefit plan was frozen on April 1, 2008 and no further benefits accrue to the participants beyond this date. Plan participants will receive or continue to receive payments for benefits earned on or prior to April 1, 2008 upon reaching retirement age.

The company maintains a non-contributory defined benefit plan for its union employees at the Elgin, Illinois facility. Benefits are determined based upon retirement age and years of service with the company. This defined benefit plan was frozen on April 30, 2002 and no further benefits accrue to the participants beyond this date. Plan participants will receive or continue to receive payments for benefits earned on or prior to April 30, 2002 upon reaching retirement age. The employees participating in the defined benefit plan were enrolled in a newly established 401K savings plan on July 1, 2002, further described below.

The company also maintains a retirement benefit agreement with its Chairman. The retirement benefits are based upon a percentage of the Chairman's final base salary. Additionally, the company maintains a retirement plan for non-employee directors who served on the Board of Directors prior to 2004. This plan is not available to any new non-employee directors. The plan provides for an annual benefit upon a change in control of the company or retirement from the Board of Directors at age 70 equal to 100% of the director's last annual retainer, payable for a number of years equal to the director's years of service up to a maximum of 10 years.

In March 2010, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and a reconciliation measure, the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010, (collectively, the "Act") were signed into law. The company is currently evaluating provisions of the Act to determine its potential impact, if any, on health care benefit costs.

#### (b) 401K Savings Plans

The company maintains two separate defined contribution 401K savings plans covering all employees in the United States. These two plans separately cover the union employees at the Elgin, Illinois facility and all other remaining union and non-union employees in the United States. The company makes profit sharing contributions to the various plans in accordance with the requirements of the plan. Profit sharing contributions for the Elgin Union 401K savings plans are made in accordance with the agreement.

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

#### **Informational Notes**

This report contains forward-looking statements subject to the safe harbor created by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The company cautions readers that these projections are based upon future results or events and are highly dependent upon a variety of important factors which could cause such results or events to differ materially from any forward-looking statements which may be deemed to have been made in this report, or which are otherwise made by or on behalf of the company. Such factors include, but are not limited to, volatility in earnings resulting from goodwill impairment losses which may occur irregularly and in varying amounts; variability in financing costs; quarterly variations in operating results; dependence on key customers; international exposure; foreign exchange and political risks affecting international sales; ability to protect trademarks, copyrights and other intellectual property; changing market conditions; the impact of competitive products and pricing; the timely development and market acceptance of the company's products; the availability and cost of raw materials; and other risks detailed herein and from time-to-time in the company's Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") filings, including the company's 2009 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The economic outlook for 2010 continues to be uncertain at this time. As a global business, the company's operating results are impacted by the health of the North American, European, Asian and Latin American economies. While the response by governments and central banks around the world may reduce volatility in the markets, the depth and duration of economic impact and the timing and strength of the recovery remain unpredictable.

# Net Sales Summary (dollars in thousands)

		Three Months Ended				Nine Months Ended			
	Oct 2,	Oct 2, 2010		Oct 3, 2009		2010	Oct 3, 2009		
	Sales	Percent	Sales	Percent	Sales	Percent	Sales	Percent	
Business Divisions:									
Commercial Foodservice	\$ 156,081	87.8	\$ 136,643	88.7	\$ 450,036	87.9	\$ 448,252	90.7	
Food Processing	21,712	12.2	17,346	11.3	61,852	12.1	45,884	9.3	
Total	\$ 177,793	100.0%	\$153,989	100.0%	\$ 511,888	100.0%	\$ 494,136	100.0%	

# **Results of Operations**

The following table sets forth certain consolidated statements of earnings items as a percentage of net sales for the periods.

	Three Mon	ths Ended	Nine Months Ended			
	Oct 2, 2010	Oct 3, 2009	Oct 2, 2010	Oct 3, 2009		
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Cost of sales	60.2	59.7	60.2	61.1		
Gross profit	39.8	40.3	39.8	38.9		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	21.8	22.1	22.6	22.1		
Income from operations	18.0	18.2	17.2	16.8		
Net interest expense and deferred financing						
amortization	1.2	1.8	1.3	1.8		
Other expense, net	(0.1)	(0.1)	0.1	0.1		
Earnings before income taxes	16.9	16.5	15.8	14.9		
Provision for income taxes	5.3	6.4	5.7	6.1		
Net earnings	11.6%	10.1%	10.1%	8.8%		

#### Three Months Ended October 2, 2010 Compared to Three Months Ended October 3, 2009

NET SALES. Net sales for the third quarter of fiscal 2010 were \$177.8 million as compared to \$154.0 million in the third quarter of 2009.

- Net sales at the Commercial Foodservice Equipment Group amounted to \$156.1 million in the third quarter of 2010 as compared to \$136.6 million in the prior year quarter. Net sales resulting from the acquisitions of Doyon and PerfectFry, which were acquired on December 14, 2009, and July 13, 2010, respectively, accounted for an increase of \$4.8 million during the third quarter of 2010. Excluding the impact of these acquisitions, net sales of commercial foodservice equipment increased \$14.7 million in the third quarter of 2010. The improvement in net sales reflects an improvement in market conditions as commercial restaurant customers increased their spending on replacement of equipment. Additionally, net sales reflects increased market penetration resulting from new product introductions and increased sales activities focused on major restaurant chain accounts and the emerging markets.
- Net sales for the Food Processing Equipment Group amounted to \$21.7 million in the third quarter of 2010 as compared to \$17.3 million in the prior year quarter. Net sales resulting from the acquisition of Cozzini, which was acquired on September 21, 2010 accounted for an increase of \$1.0 million. Net sales of food processing equipment increased as economic conditions and capital expenditure activities improved in comparison to the third quarter of 2009.

**GROSS PROFIT.** Gross profit increased to \$70.7 million in the third quarter of 2010 from \$62.0 million in the prior year period, reflecting the impact of higher sales volumes. The gross margin rate was 39.8% in the third quarter of 2010 as compared to 40.3% in the prior year quarter. The net decrease in the gross margin rate reflects:

- The impact of rising steel costs.
- Lower margins at newly acquired companies which unfavorably impacted the margin rate.
- The benefit of sales volumes offset by a less favorable product mix.
- The benefit of cost savings initiatives to reduce material spend and overhead costs.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES. Combined selling, general, and administrative expenses increased from \$34.0 million in the third quarter of 2009 to \$38.7 million in the third quarter of 2010. As a percentage of net sales, operating expenses decreased from 22.1% in the third quarter of 2009 to 21.8% in the third quarter of 2010. Selling expenses increased from \$16.4 million in the third quarter of 2009 to \$17.8 million in the third quarter of 2010. Selling expenses reflect increased costs of \$0.7 million associated with acquisitions of Doyon, PerfectFry and Cozzini and \$0.3 million associated with commission expense due to higher sales volumes. General and administrative expenses increased from \$17.6 million in the third quarter of 2009 to \$20.9 million in the third quarter of 2010. General and administrative expenses reflect \$0.6 million of costs associated with the recent acquisitions. The current year period also reflects increased incentive compensation of \$4.1 million and \$0.8 million associated with severance costs recorded during the third quarter associated with headcount reduction initiatives. The prior year period includes \$2.5 million of non-recurring charges associated with manufacturing consolidation initiatives.

**NON-OPERATING EXPENSES.** Interest and deferred financing amortization costs decreased to \$2.2 million in the third quarter of 2010 as compared to \$2.8 million in the third quarter of 2009, due to lower interest rates on lower average debt balances. Other income was \$0.1 million in the third quarter of 2010, which primarily consisted of foreign exchange losses, as compared to \$0.1 million in the prior year third quarter.

**INCOME TAXES.** A tax provision of \$9.4 million, at an effective rate of 31%, was recorded during the third quarter of 2010, as compared to a \$9.9 million provision at a 39% effective rate in the prior year quarter. The reduced effective rate reflects a one-time benefit associated with the deduction of transaction costs related to the acquisition activities, favorable adjustments to tax reserves related to reduced state exposures, and increased deductions for qualified manufacturing activities.

#### Nine Months Ended October 2, 2010 Compared to Nine Months Ended October 3, 2009

**NET SALES.** Net sales for the nine-month period ended October 2, 2010 were \$511.9 million as compared to \$494.1 million in the nine-month period ended October 3, 2009.

- Net sales at the Commercial Foodservice Equipment Group for the nine-month period ended October 2, 2010 amounted to \$450.0 million as compared to \$448.3 million for the nine-month period ended October 3, 2009. Net sales from the acquisitions of CookTek, Anets, PerfectFry and Doyon, which were acquired on April 26, 2009, April 30, 2009, December 14, 2009 and July 13, 2010, respectively, accounted for an increase of \$15.6 million during the nine-month period ended October 2, 2010. Excluding the impact of acquisitions, net sales of commercial foodservice equipment for the nine-month period ended October 2, 2010 decreased by \$13.7 million as compared to the nine-month period ended October 3, 2009. The net sales reduction reflects a large order from a major restaurant chain in the first half of 2009 which did not recur, offset in part by an increase in international and general market sales due to improving market conditions and increased market penetration.
- Net sales for the Food Processing Equipment Group amounted to \$61.9 million in the nine-month period ended October 2, 2010 as compared to \$45.9 million in the prior year period. Net sales resulting from the acquisition of Cozzini, which was acquired on September 21, 2010, accounted for an increase of \$1.0 million. Net sales of food processing equipment increased as economic conditions improved in comparison to the prior year period and capital expenditure activities of food processors increased.

**GROSS PROFIT.** Gross profit increased to \$203.6 million in the nine-month period ended October 2, 2010 from \$192.1 million in the prior year period. The gross margin rate was 39.8% for the nine month period ended October 2, 2010, as compared to 38.9% in the prior year period. The net increase in the gross margin rate reflects:

- Cost reduction initiatives that were instituted in 2009 due to economic conditions.
- Improved margins at certain of the newly acquired operating companies which have improved due to acquisition integration initiatives including cost savings from plant consolidations.
- The adverse impact of increased steel costs, which rose during the second and third quarters of 2010.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES. Combined selling, general, and administrative expenses increased from \$109.0 million in the nine-month period ended October 3, 2009 to \$115.4 million in the nine-month period ended October 2, 2010. As a percentage of net sales, operating expenses increased from 22.1% in the nine-month period ended October 3, 2009 to 22.6% in the nine-month period ended October 2, 2010. Selling expenses increased from \$49.3 million in the nine-month period ended October 3, 2009 to \$54.4 million in the nine-month period ended October 2, 2010. Selling expenses reflect increased costs of \$1.9 million associated with recent acquisitions, \$1.2 million associated with marketing related expenses and \$1.2 million related to compensation expenses. General and administrative expenses increased from \$59.7 million in the nine-month period ended October 2, 2010. General and administrative expenses reflect an increase of \$1.4 million of costs associated with the acquired operations of CookTek, Anets, Doyon, PerfectFry and Cozzini, and increased incentive compensation of \$8.2 million. The prior year nine month period included \$4.9 million of non-recurring charges associated with manufacturing facility consolidation initiatives.

**NON-OPERATING EXPENSES.** Interest and deferred financing amortization costs decreased to \$6.9 million in the nine-month period ended October 2, 2010 as compared to \$8.8 million in the nine-month period ended October 3, 2009, due to lower interest rates on lower average debt balances. Other expense was \$0.4 million in the nine-month period ended October 2, 2010 as compared to \$0.6 million in the nine-month period ended October 3, 2009. Other expense consists primarily of foreign exchange losses.

**INCOME TAXES.** A tax provision of \$29.0 million, at an effective rate of 36%, was recorded during the nine-month period ended October 2, 2010, as compared to a \$30.4 million provision at a 41% effective rate in the nine-month period ended October 3, 2009. The reduced effective rate a reflects non-recurring benefit to tax reserves resulting from closed audit periods, a one-time benefit associated with the deduction of transaction costs related to the acquisition activities, favorable adjustments to tax reserves related to reduced state exposures, and increased deductions for qualified manufacturing activities.

#### **Financial Condition and Liquidity**

During the nine months ended October 2, 2010, cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$2.4 million to \$6.0 million at October 2, 2010 from \$8.4 million at January 2, 2010. Net borrowings decreased from \$275.6 million at January 2, 2010 to \$243.6 million at October 2, 2010.

**OPERATING ACTIVITIES.** Net cash provided by operating activities was \$66.2 million for the nine month period ended October 2, 2010, compared to \$77.2 million for the nine-month period ended October 3, 2009.

During the nine months ended October 2, 2010, working capital levels changed due to normal business fluctuations, including the impact of increased seasonal working capital needs. These changes in working capital levels included a \$19.3 million increase in accounts receivable, a \$5.6 million increase in inventory and a \$9.3 million decrease in accounts payable. Prepaid and other assets increased \$2.0 million. Accrued expenses and other non-current liabilities increased by \$6.9 million.

INVESTING ACTIVITIES. During the nine months ended October 2, 2010, net cash used in investing activities amounted to \$28.8 million. Investing activities include the third quarter funding of \$4.6 million for the acquisition of PerfectFry and \$17.4 million for the acquisition of Cozzini. Additionally, the company had deferred payments of \$3.1 related to the Giga, CookTek, and Anets acquisitions completed in prior years. During the third quarter of 2010, the company finalized the working capital provision relating to the Doyon acquisition, which resulted in an additional payment of \$0.6 million to the sellers. The company also had capital expenditures of \$3.0 million primarily associated with additions and upgrades of production equipment.

**FINANCING ACTIVITIES.** Net cash flows used in financing activities amounted to \$39.8 million during the nine months ended October 2, 2010. The company's borrowing activities included \$30.1 million of repayments under its \$497.8 million revolving credit facility and \$1.5 million of repayments of foreign borrowings. The net borrowings, along with cash generated from operating activities, were utilized to fund acquisition activities and capital expenditures. The company also used \$8.8 million to repurchase 161,066 shares of its common stock under a stock repurchase program.

At October 2, 2010, the company was in compliance with all covenants pursuant to its borrowing agreements. Management believes that future cash flows from operating activities and borrowing availability under the revolving credit facility will provide the company with sufficient financial resources to meet its anticipated requirements for working capital, capital expenditures and debt amortization for the foreseeable future.

#### **Recently Issued Accounting Standards**

In January 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU No. 2010-06, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820), "Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements" ("ASU No. 2010-06"). ASU 2010-06 requires new disclosures about significant transfers in and out of Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements and the reasons for such transfers and to disclose separately information about purchases, sales, issuances and settlements the reconciliation for Level 3 fair value measurements. The company adopted the provisions of ASU No. 2010-06 on January 3, 2010, except for disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances and settlements in the reconciliation for Level 3 fair value measurements. These disclosures will be effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010. The company does not expect that the adoption of ASU No. 2010-06 will have a material impact on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In October 2009, the FASB issued ASU No. 2009-13, Revenue Recognition (Topic 605), "Multiple-Deliverable Revenue Arrangements" ("ASU No. 2009-13"). ASU No. 2009-13 establishes the accounting and reporting guidance for arrangements including multiple revenue-generating activities. The amendments in this ASU are effective prospectively for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified in the fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010. The company will adopt the provisions of ASU No. 2009-13 as required. The company does not expect that the adoption of ASU No. 2009-13 will have a material impact on the company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations are based upon the company's consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires the company to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses as well as related disclosures. On an ongoing basis, the company evaluates its estimates and judgments based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Revenue Recognition: The company recognizes revenue on the sale of its products when risk of loss has passed to the customer, which occurs at the time of shipment, and collectability is reasonably assured. The sale prices of the products sold are fixed and determinable at the time of shipment. Sales are reported net of sales returns, sales incentives and cash discounts based on prior experience and other quantitative and qualitative factors.

At the Food Processing Equipment Group, the company enters into long-term sales contracts for certain products. Revenue under these long-term sales contracts is recognized using the percentage of completion method prescribed by ASC 605-25-25 "Percentage of Completion Method or Recognizing Revenue under Construction Contracts" due to the length of time to fully manufacture and assemble the equipment. The company measures revenue recognized based on the ratio of actual labor hours incurred in relation to the total estimated labor hours to be incurred related to the contract. Because estimated labor hours to complete a project are based upon forecasts using the best available information, the actual hours may differ from original estimates. The percentage of completion method of accounting for these contracts most accurately reflects the status of these uncompleted contracts in the company's financial statements and most accurately measures the matching of revenues with expenses. At the time a loss on a contract becomes known, the amount of the estimated loss is recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

Property and equipment: Property and equipment are depreciated or amortized on a straight-line basis over their useful lives based on management's estimates of the period over which the assets will be utilized to benefit the operations of the company. The useful lives are estimated based on historical experience with similar assets, taking into account anticipated technological or other changes. The company periodically reviews these lives relative to physical factors, economic factors and industry trends. If there are changes in the planned use of property and equipment or if technological changes were to occur more rapidly than anticipated, the useful lives assigned to these assets may need to be shortened, resulting in the recognition of increased depreciation and amortization expense in future periods.

Long-lived assets: Long-lived assets (including goodwill and other intangibles) are reviewed for impairment annually and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. In assessing the recoverability of the company's long-lived assets, the company considers changes in economic conditions and makes assumptions regarding estimated future cash flows and other factors. Estimates of future cash flows are judgments based on the company's experience and knowledge of operations. These estimates can be significantly impacted by many factors including changes in global and local business and economic conditions, operating costs, inflation, competition, and consumer and demographic trends. If the company's estimates or the underlying assumptions change in the future, the company may be required to record impairment charges.

Warranty: In the normal course of business the company issues product warranties for specific product lines and provides for the estimated future warranty cost in the period in which the sale is recorded. The estimate of warranty cost is based on contract terms and historical warranty loss experience that is periodically adjusted for recent actual experience. Because warranty estimates are forecasts that are based on the best available information, actual claims costs may differ from amounts provided. Adjustments to initial obligations for warranties are made as changes in the obligations become reasonably estimable.

Litigation: From time to time, the company is subject to proceedings, lawsuits and other claims related to products, suppliers, employees, customers and competitors. The company maintains insurance to partially cover product liability, workers compensation, property and casualty, and general liability matters. The company is required to assess the likelihood of any adverse judgments or outcomes to these matters as well as potential ranges of probable losses. A determination of the amount of accrual required, if any, for these contingencies is made after assessment of each matter and the related insurance coverage. The reserve requirements may change in the future due to new developments or changes in approach such as a change in settlement strategy in dealing with these matters. The company does not believe that any pending litigation will have a material adverse effect on its financial condition or results of operations.

Income taxes: The company operates in numerous foreign and domestic taxing jurisdictions where it is subject to various types of tax, including sales tax and income tax. The company's tax filings are subject to audits and adjustments. Because of the nature of the company's operations, the nature of the audit items can be complex, and the objectives of the government auditors can result in a tax on the same transaction or income in more than one state or country. The company initially recognizes the financial statement effects of a tax position when it is more likely than not, based on the technical merits, that the position will be sustained upon examination. For tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold, the company initially and subsequently measures its tax positions as the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon effective settlement with the taxing authority. As part of the company's calculation of the provision for taxes, the company has recorded liabilities on various tax positions that are currently under audit by the taxing authorities. The liabilities may change in the future upon effective settlement of the tax positions.

## **Contractual Obligations**

The company's contractual cash payment obligations as of October 2, 2010 are set forth below (in thousands):

	Amounts						Total
	Due Sellers				Idle	C	Contractual
	From	Long-term	Operat	ng	Facility		Cash
	Acquisitions	Debt	Lea	ses	Leases	(	Obligations
Less than 1 year	\$ 4,107	\$ 5,349	\$ 3,1	06	\$ 421	\$	12,983
1-3 years	3,237	236,359	4,5	61	906		245,063
3-5 years	_	489	1,7	24	646		2,859
After 5 years		1,411		_	162		1,573
			_				
	\$ 7,344	\$ 243,608	\$ 9,3	91	\$ 2,135	\$	262,478

The company has obligations to make \$7.3 million of purchase price payments to the sellers of Giga, CookTek and Cozzini that were deferred in conjunction with the acquisitions.

The company has contractual obligations under its various debt agreements to make interest payments. These amounts are subject to the level of borrowings in future periods and the interest rate for the applicable periods, and therefore the amounts of these payments is not determinable.

The company has \$6.9 million in outstanding letters of credit, which expire on October 1, 2011, to secure potential obligations under various business programs.

Idle facility leases consist of obligations for manufacturing locations that were exited in conjunction with the company's manufacturing consolidation efforts. These lease obligations continue through June 2015. The obligations presented above do not reflect any anticipated sublease income from the facilities.

The projected benefit obligation of the company's defined benefit plans exceeded the plans' assets by \$10.4 million at the end of 2009. The unfunded benefit obligations were comprised of a \$3.3 million underfunding of the company's Smithville plan, which was acquired as part of the Star acquisition, \$0.9 million underfunding of the company's Elgin union plan and \$6.2 million of underfunding of the company's director plans. The company does not expect to contribute to the director plans in 2010. The company expects to continue to make minimum contributions to the Smithville and Elgin plan as required by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, which are expected to be \$0.3 million and \$0.1 million, respectively in 2010.

The company places purchase orders with its suppliers in the ordinary course of business. These purchase orders are generally to fulfill short-term manufacturing requirements of less than 90 days and most are cancelable with a restocking penalty. The company has no long-term purchase contracts or minimum purchase obligations with any supplier.

The company has no activities, obligations or exposures associated with off-balance sheet arrangements.

## Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

## **Interest Rate Risk**

The company is exposed to market risk related to changes in interest rates. The following table summarizes the maturity of the company's debt obligations.

		Fixed	Variable	
		Rate	Rate	
Twelve Month Period Ending		Debt	Debt	
	(in thousands)			
October 2, 2010	\$	— \$	5,349	
October 2, 2011		_	252	
October 2, 2012		_	236,106	
October 2, 2013		_	259	
October 2, 2014 and thereafter			1,642	
	\$	<u> </u>	243,608	

Terms of the company's senior credit agreement provide for \$497.8 million of availability under a revolving credit line. As of October 2, 2010, the company had \$235.9 million of borrowings outstanding under this facility. The company also has \$6.9 million in outstanding letters of credit as of October 2, 2010, which reduces the borrowing availability under the revolving credit line. Remaining borrowing availability under this facility, which is also reduced by the company's foreign borrowings, was \$247.2 million at October 2, 2010.

At October 2, 2010, borrowings under the senior secured credit facility are assessed at an interest rate 1.25% above LIBOR for long-term borrowings or at the higher of the Prime rate and the Federal Funds Rate. At October 2, 2010 the average interest rate on the senior debt amounted to 1.55%. The interest rates on borrowings under the senior secured credit facility may be adjusted quarterly based on the company's indebtedness ratio on a rolling four-quarter basis. Additionally, a commitment fee, based upon the indebtedness ratio is charged on the unused portion of the revolving credit line. This variable commitment fee amounted to 0.25% as of October 2, 2010.

In August 2006, the company completed its acquisition of Houno A/S in Denmark. This acquisition was funded in part with locally established debt facilities with borrowings in Danish Krone. On October 2, 2010 these facilities amounted to \$2.7 million in U.S. dollars, including \$0.9 million outstanding under a revolving credit facility and \$1.8 million of a term loan. The interest rate on the revolving credit facility is assessed at 1.25% above Euro LIBOR, which amounted to 3.85% on October 2, 2010. The term loan matures in 2013 and the interest rate is assessed at 5.146%.

In April 2008, the company completed its acquisition of Giga Grandi Cucine S.r.l in Italy. This acquisition was funded in part with locally established debt facilities with borrowings denominated in Euro. On October 2, 2010 these facilities amounted to \$4.1 million in U.S. dollars. The interest rate on the credit facilities is tied to nine-month Euro LIBOR. At October 2, 2010, the average interest rate on these facilities was approximately 3.5%. The facilities mature in April of 2015.

In December 2009, the company completed its acquisition of Doyon in Canada. This acquisition was funded in part with locally established debt facilities with borrowings denominated in Canadian dollars. On October 2, 2010, these facilities amounted to \$0.9 million U.S. dollars. The borrowings under these facilities are collateralized by the assets of the company. The interest rate on these credit facilities is assessed at 0.75% above the prime rate. At October 2, 2010, the average interest rate on these facilities amounted to 3.0%. These facilities mature in 2017.

The company believes that its current capital resources, including cash and cash equivalents, cash generated from operations, funds available from its revolving credit facility and access to the credit and capital markets will be sufficient to finance its operations, debt service obligations, capital expenditures, product development and integration expenditures for the foreseeable future.

The company has historically entered into interest rate swap agreements to effectively fix the interest rate on its outstanding debt. The agreements swap one-month LIBOR for fixed rates. As of October 2, 2010 the company had the following interest rate swaps in effect:

Notional Amount	Fixed Interest Rate	Effective Date	Maturity Date
10,000,000	3.032%	02/06/08	02/06/11
10,000,000	3.590%	06/10/08	06/10/11
10,000,000	3.460%	09/08/08	09/06/11
25,000,000	3.670%	09/23/08	09/23/11
15,000,000	1.220%	11/23/09	11/23/11
10,000,000	1.120%	03/11/10	03/11/12
20,000,000	1.800%	11/23/09	11/23/12
20,000,000	1.560%	03/11/10	12/11/12
15,000,000	0.950%	09/07/10	12/06/12

The terms of the senior secured credit facility limit the paying of dividends, capital expenditures and leases, and require, among other things, a maximum ratio of indebtedness of 3.5 debt to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") and a minimum fixed charge coverage of 1.25 EBITDA to fixed charges. The credit agreement also provides that if a material adverse change in the company's business operations or conditions occurs, the lender could declare an event of default. Under terms of the agreement a material adverse effect is defined as (a) a material adverse change in, or a material adverse effect upon, the operations, business properties, condition (financial and otherwise) or prospects of the company and its subsidiaries taken as a whole; (b) a material impairment of the ability of the company to perform under the loan agreements and to avoid any event of default; or (c) a material adverse effect upon the legality, validity, binding effect or enforceability against the company of any loan document. A material adverse effect is determined on a subjective basis by the company's creditors. The credit facility is secured by the capital stock of the company's foreign subsidiaries and substantially all other assets of the company. At October 2, 2010, the company was in compliance with all covenants pursuant to its borrowing agreements.

## **Financing Derivative Instruments**

The company has entered into interest rate swaps to fix the interest rate applicable to certain of its variable-rate debt. The agreements swap one-month LIBOR for fixed rates. The company has designated these swaps as cash flow hedges and all changes in fair value of the swaps are recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income. As of October 2, 2010, the fair value of these instruments was a loss of \$2.9 million. The change in fair value of these swap agreements in the first nine months of 2010 was a gain of less than \$0.1 million, net of taxes.

#### **Foreign Exchange Derivative Financial Instruments**

The company uses foreign currency forward purchase and sale contracts with terms of less than one year to hedge its exposure to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The company's primary hedging activities are to mitigate its exposure to changes in exchange rates on intercompany and third party trade receivables and payables. The company does not currently enter into derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. In managing its foreign currency exposures, the company identifies and aggregates naturally occurring offsetting positions and then hedges residual balance sheet exposures. There were no forward contracts outstanding at the end of the quarter.

## **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

The company maintains disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the company's Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

As of October 2, 2010, the company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the company's management, including the company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the company's disclosure controls and procedures. Based on the foregoing, the company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of this period.

During the quarter ended October 2, 2010, there has been no change in the company's internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the company's internal control over financial reporting.

## **PART II. OTHER INFORMATION**

The company was not required to report the information pursuant to Items 1 through 6 of Part II of Form 10-Q for the nine months ended October 2, 2010, except as follows:

## Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

## a) Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

On September 21, 2010, the company completed its acquisition of substantially all of the assets of the food processing division of Cozzini, Inc., pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement, dated September, 21, 2010 (the "Agreement"). On September 21, 2010, as part of the consideration paid to Cozzini pursuant to the Agreement, the company issued 34,263 shares of the company's common stock to Cozzini. The common stock was issued and sold in reliance on the exemption from the registration provisions of the Securities Act of 1933 set forth in Section 4(2) thereof.

## c) Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

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Program
570,934
466,266
466,266
466,266

In July 1998, the company's Board of Directors adopted a stock repurchase program that authorized the purchase of common shares in open market purchases. As of October 2, 2010, 1,333,734 shares had been purchased under the 1998 stock repurchase program.

## Item 6. Exhibits

- Exhibits The following exhibits are filed herewith:
- Exhibit 31.1 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d -14(a) Certification of the Chief Executive Officer as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- Exhibit 31.2 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d -14(a) Certification of the Chief Financial Officer as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- Exhibit 32.1 Certification by the Principal Executive Officer of The Middleby Corporation Pursuant to Rule 13A-14(b) under the Exchange Act and Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002(18 U.S.C. 1350).
- Exhibit 32.2 Certification by the Principal Financial Officer of The Middleby Corporation Pursuant to Rule 13A-14(b) under the Exchange Act and Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002(18 U.S.C. 1350).
- Exhibit 101 Financial statements on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended October 2, 2010, filed on November 12, 2010, formatted in Extensive Business Reporting Language (XBRL); (i) condensed consolidated balance sheets, (ii) condensed consolidated statements of earnings, (iii) condensed statements of cash flows, (iv) notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

## **SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

	THE MIDDLEBY CORPORATION (Registrant)				
Date	November 12, 2010	By:	/s/ Timothy J. FitzGerald Timothy J. FitzGerald Vice President, Chief Financial Officer		
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#### **CERTIFICATIONS**

## I, Selim A. Bassoul, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of The Middleby Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: November 12, 2010

/s/ Selim A. Bassoul

Selim A. Bassoul Chairman, President and

Chief Executive Officer of The Middleby Corporation

## **CERTIFICATIONS**

## I, Timothy J. Fitzgerald, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of The Middleby Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls over financial reporting.

Date: November 12, 2010

/s/ Timothy J. FitzGerald

Timothy J. FitzGerald

Chief Financial Officer of The Middleby Corporation

# CERTIFICATION BY THE PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER OF THE MIDDLEBY CORPORATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14(b) UNDER THE EXCHANGE ACT AND SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350)

This certification is being furnished pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

- I, Selim A. Bassoul, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) of The Middleby Corporation (the "Registrant"), certify, to the best of my knowledge, based upon a review of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 2, 2010 of the Registrant (the "Report"), that:
  - (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act; and
  - (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material aspects, the financial 'condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

Date: November 12, 2010

/s/ Selim A. Bassoul Selim A. Bassoul

# CERTIFICATION BY THE PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER OF THE MIDDLEBY CORPORATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14(b) UNDER THE EXCHANGE ACT AND SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350)

This certification is being furnished pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

I, Timothy J. FitzGerald, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer) of The Middleby Corporation (the "Registrant"), certify, to the best of my knowledge, based upon a review of the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended October 2, 2010 of the Registrant (the "Report"), that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Exchange Act; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material aspects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

Date: November 12, 2010

/s/ Timothy J. FitzGerald
Timothy J. FitzGerald